TAKING STEPS TO ERADICATE MODERN SLAVERY... CLARKS MODERN SLAVERY STATEMENT 2019-20

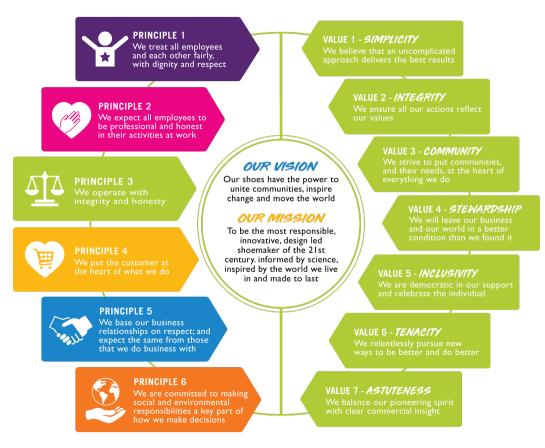


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INTRODUCTION: OUR COMMITMENT

This is our fourth Modern Slavery Statement published in accordance with the Modern Slavery Act 2015 (MSA) and the California Transparency in Supply Chains Act 2010 (CTA).

One of the key principles of Clarks Code of Business Ethics (for employees) and Clarks Code of Practice (for suppliers) is "to treat everyone fairly and with dignity and respect". This includes those from within our business and also, equally importantly, those within our supply chain.



This Statement is made pursuant to the MSA and CTA. The statement is made by C&J Clark Limited as parent company of the subsidiaries listed in Appendix I and includes the activities of those subsidiaries. It outlines the measures Clarks has taken to assess and reduce the risk of slavery and human trafficking occurring in our business or supply chains during the financial year 2019/20. The statement also outlines our commitments to continue to mitigate risk in subsequent years.

ORGANISATIONAL STRUCTURE & SUPPLY CHAIN

ORGANISATIONAL STRUCTURE

C&J Clark Limited is a privately-owned limited liability company registered in England and Wales. The term "Clarks" as used in this statement refers collectively to C&J Clarks Limited and its subsidiaries as listed in Appendix 1.

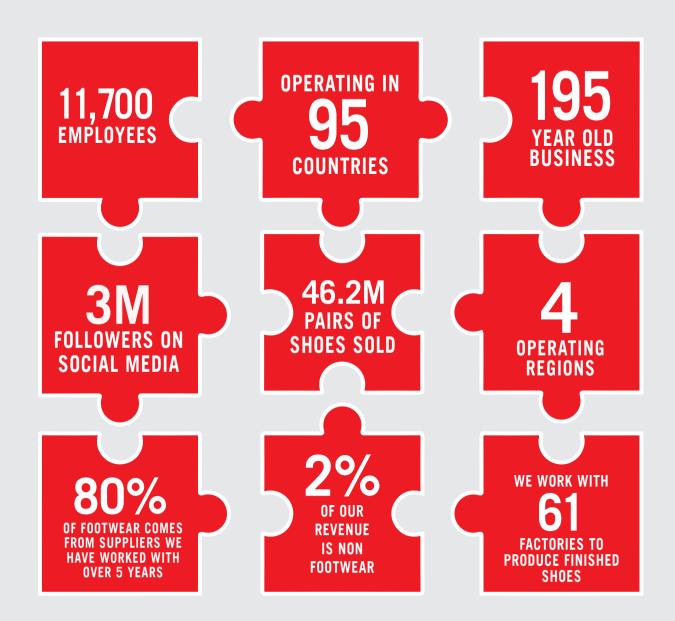
Clarks was established as a shoemaker in 1825. Nearly 200 years later, Clarks designs, develops, sources and sells footwear and accessories globally, operating in over 95 countries. Clarks products are sold through our own retail and outlet stores as well as through stores operated by our franchise partners, licensees, joint venture partners and wholesale customers. Clarks sell products online via our digital platforms and third-party digital marketplaces. As of the year ending, 31st January 2020, Clarks employed in the region of 11,700 people including part time employees.

Clarks commercial operating model is structured across four regions:



Each region is supported by corporate functions providing services in Human Resources, Finance, IT, Legal, Compliance, Marketing and Supply Chain.

Our Brand hubs are located at Clarks headquarters in Somerset UK and Waltham USA, focusing on product design, line management and creative and marketing activities. Development and sourcing activities are also located in the UK and USA with several locations in Asia, including China, Vietnam and India.



OUR SUPPLY CHAINS

Clarks undertakes the design and development of our products but outsource the manufacturing. In most factories, the facilities are shared with production for other brands.

Most of Clarks footwear products are sourced through suppliers overseen by the Clarks Sourcing Operations team. The Chief Operating Officer is accountable for managing the Clarks supply chain and part of that role is ensuring Clarks business aspires to good ethical and environmentally sustainable practices.

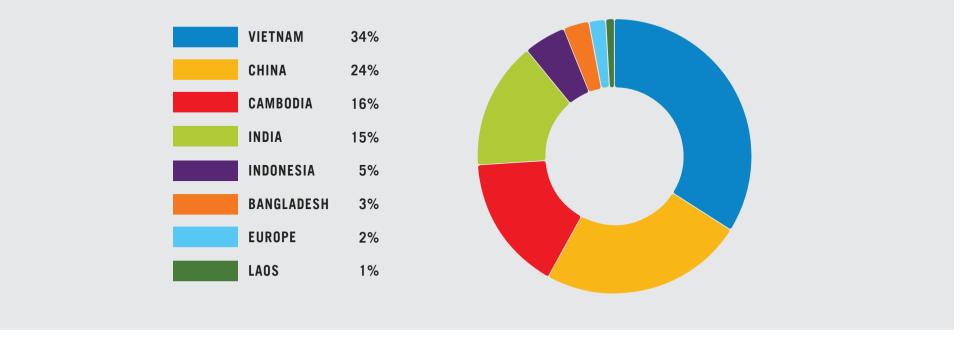
Approximately 85% of Clarks footwear is sourced through direct managed factories meaning they are managed by our own sourcing operations teams. A further 12% is sourced through eight non-direct managed factories. The final 3% is sourced through specialist agents who also source for other companies and consolidate our orders with others to buy in large volumes. Clarks pay a fee but ensure that appropriate due diligence is carried out to determine that both the agents, and their suppliers, work to our required standards.

Clarks have long standing relationships with many of our suppliers and more than 80% of our footwear is produced by suppliers Clarks have been working with for over 5 years.

In 2019, Clarks sourced most of our footwear from suppliers based in Asia (Vietnam, China, Cambodia, India and Indonesia), with small volumes from Bangladesh and Laos. Clarks also source small quantities from within Europe. Production was undertaken through 61 factories producing finished shoes. There are 37 stitching units producing partly made uppers, which work in tandem with the factories. This enables them to focus on specific skills. There can be as many as 4 stitching units working with a factory. The table below shows where the factories producing goods are located.

	ACCESSORIES	FOOTWEAR	OUTLET	SEASONALS	STITCHING UNIT
ALBANIA					I
BANGLADESH		3			2
BOSNIA		I	I		
CAMBODIA		8			I
CHINA	28	6	6	24	2
INDIA	6	16	2		21
INDONESIA		I	I		I
ITALY		2	2		I
LAOS				I	
PORTUGAL		5	4		I
ROMANIA		3	I		
UKRAINE			I		
UNITED STATES	I				
VIETNAM	I	17			7
GRAND TOTAL	36	62	18	25	37

PROPORTION OF FOOTWEAR PRODUCTION BY COUNTRY



Details of factories used for the production of Clarks shoes in 2019, and tanneries which provide leather for Clarks specified products, can be found on our website at: https://www.clarks.com/made-to-last/media/CLARKS-TANNERY-LIST-2019.pdf

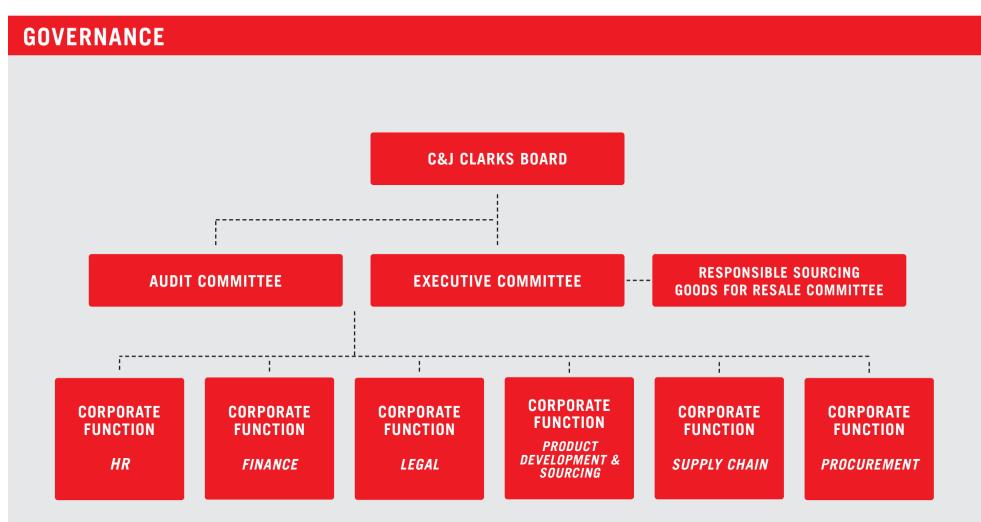
For footwear sourced from direct managed factories, Clarks nominates who is to supply key materials and components. This includes the tanneries supplying the leather, the factories supplying the sole units, packaging materials such as shoe boxes, tissue paper and transit cartons as well as some other non-leather materials.

Non-footwear products such as handbags and accessories make up a small part of the Clarks business, representing approximately 2% of total revenues. These are all sourced through specialist agents for each product type. The production of these goods takes place mainly within China and India with some specialist goods produced in Vietnam and the United States.

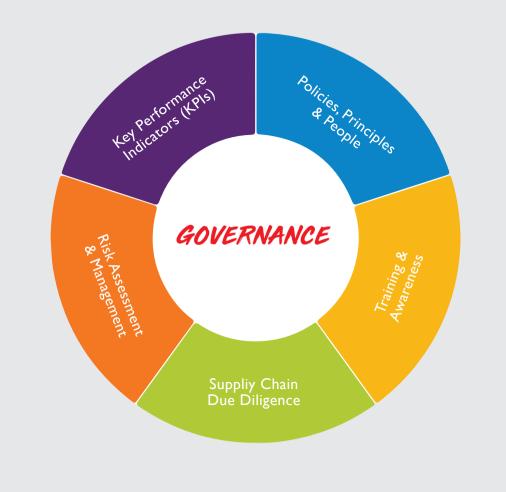
As at the date of this statement, Clarks has no issues with any of its suppliers, trade unions or other bodies representing workers that it considers should be disclosed in the context of the MSA.

Further information can be found in our Corporate Responsibility pages on https://www.clarks.com/made-to-last/corporate-responsibility.html

STRATEGY & GOVERNANCE



GOVERNANCE



Responsibility for the preparation of this Modern Slavery statement sits with the Board of Directors.

Management is responsible for addressing the risks associated with human trafficking and modern slavery.

Development of training & communication programme

Code of Practice updated to

incorporate our management of the risks of modern slavery

and human trafficing within our

Became a member of Slave-Free Alliance

Gap Analysis completed

Modern Slavery Policy devised

Development of a remediation process

Continued promotion of the Speak-Up process

Training implemented on a risk basis

Bespoke e-learning module introduced for designated "high risk" roles

Clarks induction programmes updated to include Modern Slavery

POLICIES, PRINCIPLES & PEOPLE

Clarks has policies which support the fight against modern slavery and human trafficking.

MODERN SLAVERY POLICY (EMPLOYEES)

Our Policy lays out Clarks commitment to:

- maintain clear policies and procedures preventing exploitation and human trafficking, and protecting our workforce and reputation
- be clear about our recruitment policy
- check our supply chains
- lead by example by making appropriate checks on all employees, recruitment agencies, suppliers, etc to ensure we know who is working for us
- ensure we have in place an open and transparent grievance process for all staff
- seek to raise awareness so that our colleagues know what we are doing to promote their welfare
- make an annual statement setting out the steps we have taken to ensure slavery and human trafficking is not taking place in our supply chains and to demonstrate that we take our responsibilities to our employees and our clients seriously.

REMEDIATION PROCESS (EMPLOYEES & SUPPLIERS)

This lays out the process if modern slavery and/or human rights abuses are uncovered within Clarks operations. The process is intended to end situations of forced labour and labour human trafficking, and as far as possible correct the harms experienced by victims. The process outlines who is responsible for remediation and when.

Clarks will work collaboratively with all relevant parties, including law enforcement authorities to address any instances and ensure that affected workers are not further harmed during the process. The safety and welfare of the victim is of primary importance throughout the whole process.

Clarks will:

- be flexible and responsive to the needs and wishes of the victim
- respond to a local understanding of the factors driving forced labour
- understand the risks and sensitivities present in the local context
- build on the strengths and capacities of partner organisations and national authorities
- be delivered in accordance with applicable national law and international labour and human rights standards
- incorporate means of preventing further abuses

CODE OF BUSINESS ETHICS (EMPLOYEES)

Our Code of Business Ethics outlines the global values and principles that help shape the way Clarks work and describes our internal accountability, standards and expectations. It is primarily aimed at employees but Clarks encourage our business partners, including suppliers, franchise and joint venture partners, to adopt and apply the Code of Business Ethics wherever they represent or promote the Clarks brand. Clarks attach real importance to the welfare of our employees and those employed by our suppliers.

The key principles:

- We treat all employees and each other fairly, with dignity and respect
- We operate with integrity and honesty
- We base our business relationships on respect; and expect the same from those that we do business with

The Code includes a link to the International Labour Office's (ILO) Indicators of Forced Labour for further guidance and specifically references that "No form of forced or compulsory labour or modern slavery is tolerated by Clarks within our own operations or those of our business partners" and includes indicators and warning signals that employees should be alert to in helping prevent such issues. These can also be found within the Risk Assessment section of this Statement. The Code of Business Ethics is communicated on an annual basis to all employees and training records retained.

Our Code of Business Ethics can be found here.

CODE OF PRACTICE FOR SUPPLIERS

All suppliers are expected to sign up to our Code of Practice as part of their contract. Clarks Code of Practice states the minimum working condition standards that Clarks expect our suppliers to adhere to in the production of all Clarks' products.

The Code was updated in April 2019. This update included the Consumer Goods Forum priority industry principles of forced labour. The Consumer Goods Forum is a global, parity-based industry network, driven by its members who come from over 70 countries and reflect the diversity of the industry in geography, size, product category and format. It is the only organisation that brings consumer goods retailers and manufacturers together globally to collaborate, alongside other key stakeholders, to secure consumer trust and drive positive change, including greater efficiency.



The Forum devised key principles relating to slavery and working conditions which they encourage their members to include within their Code of Practice, namely:

- 1. Every worker should have freedom of movement the ability of workers to move freely should not be restricted by the employer through physical restriction, abuse, threats and practices such as retention of passports and valuable possessions
- 2. No worker should pay for a job fees and costs associated with recruitment and employment should be paid by the employer, not the employee
- 3. No worker should be indebted or coerced to work Workers should work freely, aware of the terms and conditions of their work in advance and paid regularly as agreed
- 4. All workers should be provided free and unrestricted access to potable water and clean toilet facilities

These principles are included within our Code of Practice as well as requirements to:

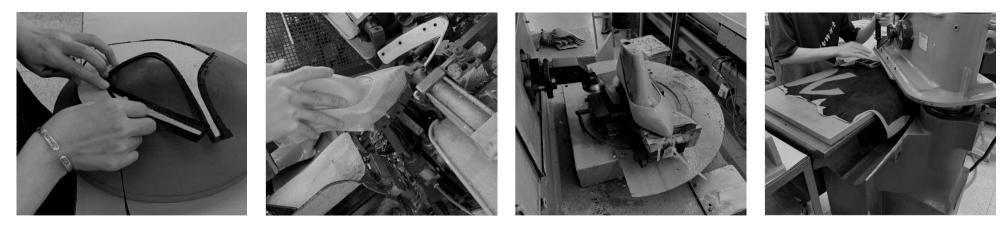
- comply with all local legal and regulatory requirements of the country in which the facility is located
- to recognise international standards and to uphold the core labour conventions of the ILO.

Where there is any conflict between these Clarks expect the higher standard to be achieved. The Code contains specific requirements which underpin the principles including "All work must be conducted on a voluntary basis, and not under threat of any penalty or sanctions. The supplier shall not use any form of forced, bonded, indentured, trafficked, slave or involuntary prison labour."

The Code must be applied to all suppliers regardless of which tier they are within the supply chain.

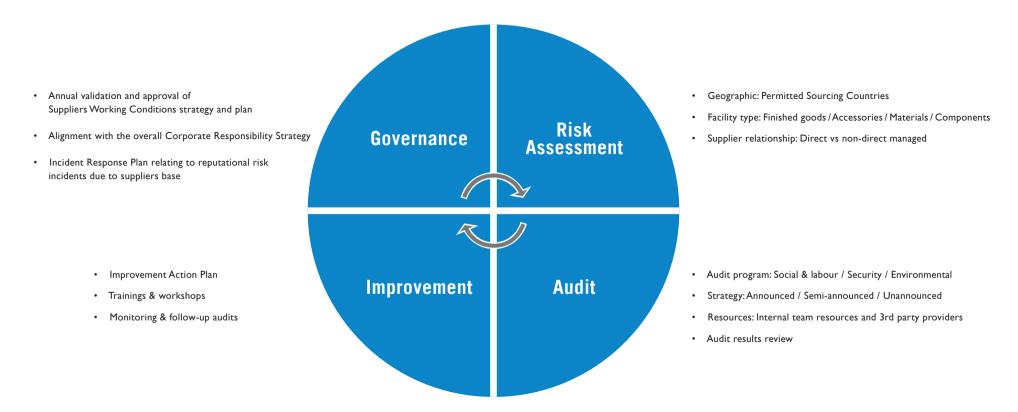
The Goods for Resale Responsible Sourcing Committee (chaired by the Chief Operating Officer) monitors the application of the Code to ensure conformance and reports to our Executive Committee. In addition, six monthly reports from the Group Head of Supplier Working Conditions are required by and reviewed by Clarks Audit Committee.

The Code of Practice for suppliers can be found here.



SUPPLIER WORKING CONDITIONS MANUAL

Audits are a requirement within our Code of Practice. The Supplier Working Conditions Manual clearly defines the supplier factory audit programme and the overall governance of Supplier Working Conditions team and lays down the methodology that defines how the supplier audits are planned and executed.



FACILITY AUTHORISATION PROCESS

The Facility Authorisation Process was introduced during 2019. The purpose of the process is to demonstrate that the factories used by sourcing agents to produce Clarks branded products meet the standards as laid out within Clarks Code of Practice.

The process is intended to manage and control the standard of working conditions within the factories and requires the Agent to provide a recognised audit reports prior to any production taking place, and periodically thereafter, to demonstrate the facility adequately meets the standards set out in Clarks Code of Practice.

PROCUREMENT POLICY

The Clarks Procurement Policy exists to ensure accountable, efficient, transparent, and ethical practices are used to acquire products and services. The procurement team considers the legal and ethical responsibilities of Clarks (including those of modern slavery) in aspects of supplier sourcing and management including; supplier contracts, tender and purchasing processes, auditing and compliance actions. Due diligence is completed before engaging with a supplier, in the context of a manufacturer these would include a requirement for either a site visit and audit of working conditions or the Facility Authorisation Process.

Our policy is reviewed and communicated regularly, and training records retained.

SPEAK UP POLICY

The Speak-Up (Whistleblowing) Policy is reviewed and updated as necessary. It is re-communicated every year to all employees. It outlines the different methods available for reporting. **The options are:**

- Line management
- ethics@clarks.com (an email to the Head of Compliance)
- An external reporting company which gives webpage, phone and email options (all anonymous and accessed by Compliance personnel within Clarks)
- Globalauditchair@clarks.com (an email which goes directly and only to the Chair of Clarks' Audit Committee)

The policy also states Clarks commitment to zero tolerance of any retaliation. Training records are retained.

Summary reports from Speak-Up reports are provided to our Group Head of Compliance and subsequently reported to the Chief Legal Officer and the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee has responsibility for reviewing policies and processes with regards to whistleblowing and legal compliance. As well as employees the facility is available to our Joint Venture partners and Clarks continue to rollout this programme to our franchise partners.

BREACHES AND NON-COMPLIANCE

Clarks will not tolerate forced labour, slavery or human trafficking within our direct operations or supply chains. Where any non-compliance is identified, Clarks expect and support suppliers to act to address it. Clarks will actively work with supplier to make necessary improvements and any affected will be given the opportunity to produce an improvement action plan to address those issues identified. If a supplier does not take effective action in a timely manner, withdrawing our business will be considered as the final sanction.

Employees who breach the principles set out in our policies may be subject to disciplinary procedures.

SUPPLY CHAIN DUE DILIGENCE

DUE DILIGENCE

Clarks use supplier on-boarding packs to communicate and certify our requirements on forced labour and modern slavery to manufacturers, agents and suppliers. Suppliers are required to sign a copy of the Code of Practice to confirm that they have received, reviewed and understand it, and that they are in, or working towards, full compliance with its requirements.

Where appropriate and based on the level of risk, audits are conducted, or audit reports provided by agents, for any potential new supplier prior to any purchase order for bulk production being placed.

Clarks strive to ensure that compliance with the Code of Practice forms part of the terms and conditions of all purchase orders.

Clarks Supplier Working Conditions Manual and Guidelines for Suppliers incorporates forced labour and modern slavery requirements. Our Facility Authorisation Process with non-direct managed factories ensures Clarks have input into all and any facilities being used, and the associated working conditions. Clarks has introduced guidelines for a Grievance mechanism into the direct managed factories and have commenced the rollout of this within our non-direct managed factories.



RISK ASSESSMENT & MANAGEMENT

Clarks currently trades, operates and sources in many countries and across borders where the risk of modern slavery is perceived to be high. The evidence shows that whilst modern slavery is illegal in every country in the world, it still occurs.

Our supply chains are global and complex especially below the first tier of suppliers. The table below shows our progress in mapping our supply chain.

Tier Level	Definition	Source	Status	Published
Tier I including of	Finished goods, including off site	Direct managed suppliers (c80% by volume)	Fully mapped	Yes
		Key agent suppliers (c15%by volume)	Fully mapped	Yes
	processes and	Other agent suppliers (c3%by volume)	Majority mapped	Yes
	sub-contracting	Licensee suppliers (c2%by volume)	Fully mapped	Yes
Tier 2 Material & Component	Material &	Clarks specified products through direct managed suppliers	Majority mapped	Tanneries only
	Component suppliers	Non-Clarks specified products sourced through agents and licensees	Not mapped	No
Tier 3	Raw Material suppliers	Clarks specified materials & components	Limited mapping	No
		Non-Clarks specified materials & components	Not mapped	No

To ensure Clarks utilise our resources effectively in monitoring compliance with our Code of Practice, Clarks uses a geographic assessment of risk as an initial indicator. We have created a list of Clarks permitted sourcing countries which defines those countries where Clarks would permit sourcing without routine auditing and those where we would undertake routine auditing prior to sourcing. We do not permit any sourcing of products, materials or components from countries that are not on our permitted sourcing list.

Clarks have adopted the British Standards Institute (BSI) SCREEN system threat ratings which provides a more comprehensive and granular geographic assessment. This includes information sources relevant to the use of forced labour in each country.

Clarks approach to risk assessment comprises of research, supply chain mapping, auditing, training and stakeholder engagement. Most of Clarks manufacturing takes place within the Asia Pacific region and this is where the largest amount of forced labour (6.1 per 1000) is believed to exist according to the 2017 ILO's Report. Manufacturing is regarded to be a high-risk activity and accounts for 15% of those individuals in modern slavery. Therefore, Clarks works with stakeholders who help us to ensure Clarks are continuously reviewing and mitigating our risk in the supply chain. Clarks have had a formal gap analysis completed and are working on the recommendations from this.

The following groups have been identified as vulnerable to the risks of modern slavery:

those in poverty or homeless
those with mental illness

- minority groups
- homeworkers

- those with substance abuse issues
- migrant workers

• contract, agency, temporary or outsourced workers

The following indicators have been identified as potential indicators of forced labour by the ILO and have been included within our Code of Business Ethics and training materials to raise awareness:

- someone who does not have their own passport, ID or travel documents
- someone who always allows others to speak for them or talks as though being instructed or coached by someone else
- someone who may be withdrawn or appear frightened and may have injuries
- a person who has limited social interaction
- a person who may always be dropped off or collected from work (they may not be able to contact friends or family freely
- a person with very few possessions
- a person who lives in a very poorly maintained, overcrowded place (and is often overcharged for this)
- a person who has little control over their finances or no access to a bank account
- recruitment fees and labour agents
- cash in hand payments
- no unions
- no access to grievance mechanisms

GAP ANALYSIS

Clarks has worked with the Slave Free Alliance to conduct a gap analysis and gain further insight into all aspects of modern slavery and human trafficking and how to mitigate these. This feedback will form part of our committed actions for 2020.

COVID-19 RESPONSE

We have initiated a crisis management team that reviews risks arising from the pandemic and makes decisions on our mitigating actions. The committee meets regularly to provide clarity of direction and to discuss impact on the business, employees, customers and suppliers. Every key business decision has been made with a risk lens – these have included decisions on furloughing employees, top-up payment discussions, safety measures to be followed to protect employees, impact on supplier workforce of extending payment terms and cancellation of purchase orders. Where operations have continued, these have had personal safety in mind and are completely in line with local government guidelines. Whilst the COVID 19 situation has meant that we have had to cancel some orders and delay / hold payments, these decisions have all been taken after careful consideration of the risk this poses to on specific suppliers and their ability to remain in business and the subsequent impact on their labour force.

STAKEHOLDERS

SUPPLIER WORKING CONDITIONS TEAM

There are 5 auditors working within the Clarks Supplier Working Condition's team across both direct managed and non-direct managed factories in China, India and Vietnam. In all other locations Clarks use reputable third-party audit service providers to conduct audits within the factories. Each of the Clarks employees is salaried and is not incentivised on audit results. The companies providing the audits undergo due diligence checks as part of their onboarding. Clarks have a Facility Authorisation Process which requires non-direct managed suppliers (agents) to provide us with a recent audit report for a facility before it is used for production of any Clarks products and periodically thereafter. This was implemented in 2019.

SUPPLIER RELATIONSHIPS

The Chief Operating Officer is accountable for supplier relationships. The Director of Global Sourcing Operations is responsible for the relationships with the direct managed factories. Product buyers are responsible for the relationships within their specific product division. If there are concerns over performance these individuals decide whether to continue to do business.



Clarks continue to work with the Mekong Club to improve our understanding of forced labour and modern slavery and how to identify and prevent, and have commenced the rollout of their Apprise mobile phone application which helps us to identify indicators of forced labour when conducting worker interviews as part of our audit.



Clarks have worked with Slave Free Alliance in 2019 to conduct a gap analysis and gain further insight into all aspects of modern slavery and human trafficking and how to mitigate these.



Clarks work closely with the Institute of Business Ethics to ensure that ethics are at the core of our policies and practices.

AUDIT & EVALUATION

Audits are conducted either by our in-house Supplier Working Conditions team or by independent and reputable third-party service providers on our behalf. As well as conducting scheduled audits Clarks also introduced semi-announced audit (where Clarks notify the factory a fortnight prior to the audit) and unannounced visits which encourage our suppliers to continue to meet standards. We undertook 28 unannounced audits across our supply base in 2019, the majority of these were follow-up visits. A factory that has historically shown a high standard of working conditions and good management systems will have an audit at least every 18 months. Others are received more frequently.

242 social audits were conducted across our entire supply base during 2019. Of these, 196 were undertaken in China, India and Vietnam by our own internal audit team, while an additional 46 audits were undertaken by 3rd party audit service providers.

In addition to the social audits conducted, 30 security audits were undertaken at finished goods suppliers in support of customs requirements.

Our audits are undertaken against criteria that assess the level of compliance by the facility to the working condition standards set out in Clarks' Code of Practice. The audit process includes a review of business licenses and relevant documentation, interviews with management and workers and an inspection of all areas of the facility site. Auditors also look for ILO indicators of forced labour and modern slavery.

For existing suppliers, Clarks use a tiered approach to determine the frequency of any audits based on their compliance performance and management capability including the balanced scorecard, which incorporates audit results and improvement action undertaken. Clarks assign a compliance level and risk rating to each facility and scorecard results as part of our criteria for sourcing allocation and those factories which score better receive more orders. In the latter half of 2019 increased the weighting of the working conditions aspect of the scorecard.

During 2019, factory employee audits were updated to include more employee surveys and initiated the use of the Elevate Worker Sentiment Survey through audits undertaken by them and by our own teams in China and Vietnam at finished shoe suppliers. There were 14 worker sentiment surveys completed at finished shoe factories, these included responses from a total of 825 workers.

Clarks expect the information gathered through our audit program to be used by the factories to take action to improve conditions where necessary. This is planned to be extended to include all direct managed footwear suppliers during 2020. It is also used to inform both operational and strategic sourcing decisions at all tiers of our supply chain. Clarks do not use any footwear supplier with the lowest compliance level (defined as a facility with critical issues including a lack of willingness and commitment by the senior factory management to engage and take appropriate corrective actions). Clarks sets targets for the proportion of footwear sourced from supplier facilities with a risk rating of low or medium. Production from these has been maintained at 97% of all footwear for the last three years.

In 2019 factories producing over 99% of our footwear were included in our audit programme. In addition to audits at finished goods facilities, Clarks undertook audits of second tier material and component suppliers. These audits covered tanneries and sole suppliers that supplied at least 95% of the volume of these materials from Clarks' nominated suppliers as well as other component and material suppliers.

CERTIFICATION

For products sourced through Clarks direct managed suppliers the majority of materials and components used in the production are from suppliers nominated or approved by Clarks. All nominated or approved Clarks suppliers are required to meet the working condition standards set out in Clarks Code of Practice. For key suppliers such as the tanneries supplying the leather and factories supplying the sole units for Clarks specified products we undertake social audits at those supplying over 95% by volume to monitor the working conditions against Clarks Code of Practice. In addition audits were conducted at suppliers of non-leather materials representing around 80% of the value of spend on these materials.

KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) help Clarks to monitor and report on the effectiveness of our actions to mitigate against modern slavery, we review these twice per annum as a minimum.

We've introduced both gualitative and guantitative KPIs to provide a more holistic view of our company culture.

Clarks KPIs are:

KPI	Performance to 2019	Actual 2019/20	Target 2020/21
Balanced scorecard (Audit Results)	80%	76%*	78%
Training compliance	88%	79 %	90%
% of suppliers signed up to our Code of Practice	100%	100%	100%

* In 2019-20 we amended the scoring system to tighten and further improve the standards we expect of suppliers. This affected the overall scoring; none of the changes which impacted the scoring were specifically related to modern slavery.

TRAINING & AWARENESS

Clarks have undertaken activities to support greater awareness and mitigation towards modern slavery and human trafficking.

These include:

INTERNAL (EMPLOYEES)

- Implementing corporate training on modern slavery to raise awareness as to what to look out for and to ensure employees understand their roles and responsibilities in identifying and reporting of issues
- Introduced e-learning modules:
 - a basic module for all employees to be aware of modern slavery indicators and risks
 - an advanced module for high risk roles recruitment, supply chain etc
- Group Head of Supplier Conditions attended the 'Stronger Together Tackling Modern Slavery in Supply Chains' event
- Head of Compliance attended workshops to support improved understanding of the risks to enable these to be addressed within policies, processes and culture
- Annual communication of the statement to all corporate employees

INTERNAL (EMPLOYEES)

- Clarks worked with Slave Free Alliance to improve our understanding of the risks and mitigation surrounding modern slavery
- Clarks worked with the Mekong Club, which is a leader at uniting and mobilising the private sector for a common cause to disrupt and end modern slavery. They provide training materials which help raise awareness when used in the workplace. Clarks have used aspects of this within our internal training

ONGOING COMMITMENT

Clarks is proud of the steps we have taken to mitigate the risk of modern slavery within our business and supply chain. We have invested in training and raising awareness and are working to create the right culture throughout our organisation. We realise that modern slavery does not stand still and are committed to tackling the root causes through engaging with stakeholders and ongoing monitoring of activity.

During 2020/21 Clarks will continue to work to increase awareness of risks and reporting channels. It is essential that Clarks continue to develop and adapt our approach to encompass emerging issues. Clarks continue to work with industries towards combatting modern slavery within our supply chain and operations.

FOCUS FOR 2020/2021

Perform a deeper analysis of high-risk areas of the supply chain

Implement Speak-Up facility in franchisee stores

Ensure modern slavery is identified as a risk on the risk register

Launch the newly devised Modern Slavery Policy

Launch the newly devised Remediation Process

Update the Code of Business Ethics to include further information on modern slavery risks

Include modern slavery risks and training within the Global Induction programme

Increase the number of unannounced audits as necessary

Complete the rollout of Grievance guidelines to key non-direct managed factories and nominated material & component suppliers

This Statement has been approved by the Board of C & J Clark Limited on 27th June 2020.

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Giorgio Presca Chief Executive Officer, 27th June 2020

Appendix 1

The following companies are commercial organisations which are part of the group of companies ultimately owned by C&J Clark Limited and which carry on business in the UK, where (i) business gives rise to global turnover of more than £36 million or (ii) which retail in California and have annual worldwide gross receipts exceeding US \$100,000,000.

C&J Clark (NoI) Limited C&J Clark Americas, Inc C.&J. Clark (Holdings) Limited C.&J. Clark International Limited